

OUR GENERAL BUDGET

Emperor William and King Leopold Accused of Conspiracy--De Freycinet Warned.

Great Excitement in Oklahoma--Suicide Caused by Domestic Relations and Drink.

PARIS, Sept. 3.—Some newspapers of this city recall portions of the late Emperor Frederick's diary, which Prince Bismarck tried to suppress, revealing King Leopold's congratulations to the Emperor William on the victory at Sedan, and later King Leopold's intrigues with Bismarck and Thiers to get himself made king of combined France and Belgium.

A BULLET IN HIS HEART.

Suicide Caused by Unhappy Domestic Relations and Drink. SYRACUSE, N. Y., Sept. 3.—Henry W. Carberry, for the last ten years assistant bookkeeper for the Gaslight company, was found dead in his home this morning with a bullet from a revolver in his own hand in his heart.

FROM OKLAHOMA.

An Overlooked Section of Law Creates Consternation Among the Citizens. GETTIE, Oklahoma, Sept. 4.—A sensation was caused by the publication of a heretofore overlooked section of law which makes it a misdemeanor for any person or corporation to hire a man to go into the Indian reservation and take up a claim and afterward turn it over to those persons or company.

A PARTY OF EXILES.

Prominent Citizens Driven From Their Nests. CORINTH, Nicaragua, Sept. 3.—Among the passengers who left here August 23 on the Pacific Mail Steamship Company's steamer Colima, were six of the most prominent men in the republic of Nicaragua, who were sent to Costa Rica as exiles by order of President Sarcaza. The party included three members of the Nicaraguan senate—General Falvala, formerly president of the republic; J. D. Rodriguez, and S. Chamorro. The others are A. H. Rivas, E. Guzman and Pedro Ortiz. They were made prisoners during the recent riot in the city of Granada. As Sarcaza wished to rid of his most prominent opponents, he determined to send them out of the country, and though he succeeded in doing so his action led to open revolt, which resulted in the overthrow of the government.

GREAT EXCITEMENT.

Train Robbers Pursued by an Angry Crowd of Citizens. MERCED, Cal., Sept. 4.—Much excitement, according to established usage, and of the election to the chairmanship of the committee of Charles T. Westcott.

A New Ocean Freight Line.

BALTIMORE, Sept. 4.—The Baltimore Storage and Lighterage company of this city, which controls the Atlantic transportation between Baltimore, Philadelphia and London, are about to establish a line of freight steamers between New York and London.

The Pope's Condition Serious.

ROME, Sept. 4.—It is announced today that the pope on Wednesday last was attacked by acute visceral derangement. The condition of the pope, according to the same authority is causing his physicians and attendants considerable apprehension.

Don't Want the Chinese.

QUEBEC, Sept. 4.—At a meeting of the Trades and Labor council of the Dominion of Canada, a resolution was adopted asking for the prohibition of Chinese.

THE ITATA CASE.

Probability That It Will be a Three-Cornered Lawsuit.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., Sept. 3.—The libel case against the steamer Itata has assumed a new phase, and it is probable that it will now develop into a three-cornered fight between the United States, the non-dominant instruments and the actual owners of the vessel, and the South American Steamship company, represented by Flint & Co., of New York. United States Commissioner Owens, of this city, is in receipt of a letter from a New York law firm stating that they had been retained to appear in the case for the owner of the vessel, and defend her from confiscation. The letter states that W. W. Goodrich is about to leave New York for this city. Heretofore, it has been supposed that attorneys Page & Dennis, who were retained by the insurgents, were the only representatives of the owners of the vessel. The attorneys have made answer to the libel against the vessel, and were preparing a similar document with regard to the vessel itself, which must be filed before the 15th. It is not known among court officials here whom the New York lawyers represent, but it is supposed they represent the South American Steamship company, who owned the Itata before she was seized.

BLAINE'S HEALTH.

The Secretary is Able to Ride Out Every Day.

BAR HARBOR, Me., Sept. 4.—Mr. Blaine has been out every day this week. Yesterday he drove out twice. He drove into the village, left his carriage and went into several of the shops and dropped into Dr. Taylor's. He walks out with the doctor every day. Mr. Dent attends to much of Secretary Blaine's business outside as well as in. When there is anybody to be seen that the secretary don't want to talk with, he sends his private secretary to transact the business. Mr. Blaine's friends here laugh at the latest current report that President Harrison has ordered a messenger to come here and get Secretary Blaine's yes or no in regard to being a candidate. They don't think Mr. Harrison's great readiness to resign his own prospects in Mr. Blaine's favor, and they doubt even more Mr. Blaine's giving any definite answer as to his future intentions. Everybody believes Mr. Blaine quite enjoys the uncertainty regarding his intentions that pervades the public mind just now.

TO SECURE THE STATE'S FUNDS.

The Federal Government System the Most Perfect Safeguard.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 4.—The legislative committee appointed to investigate the state treasurer's office met here this morning. Governor Pattison appeared before the committee. He was asked if he could suggest any better method than the present system of auditing state accounts. In reply the governor said in this opinion the present system was all wrong. Under it the state treasurer has absolute control of about \$8,000,000, for which the state only has security to the amount of \$300,000. Governor Pattison also said he thought the system of depositing the state money was wrong. Security should be required by the state for money deposited, about \$125,000 for every \$100,000 of the state against loss is the system employed by the federal government.

SIXTEEN MEN KILLED.

Blown Up by Dynamite and No Trace of Them to be Found.

WHITE PIGEON, Mich., Sept. 4.—The dynamite factory of F. A. Reynolds & Co., near this place, exploded last evening. Sixteen workmen, mostly Swedes and Norwegians, were completely annihilated and not a trace of them can be found. It is estimated twenty tons of dynamite exploded. The concussion here was terrible, buildings being badly damaged and people frightened.

End of a Stabbing Affray.

MERCED, Cal., Sept. 3.—George McFarland had a preliminary examination yesterday for stabbing Will Olsen, on Sunday last, at Ivet ranch, and was discharged. Olsen, who was likewise under arrest, was also discharged. Olsen was a brother-in-law of Ivet, who was murdered by an unknown assassin last fall, and the stabbing took place within twenty feet of where the murdered man's body was found.

The Effort the Cause.

PARIS.—In the recent storm terrible damage to markets, gardens and vineyards in environs of this city was caused. At Stains a farmer and laborer were killed by a thunder bolt. A clamart a peasant and his wife was killed. Scientists assert the Eiffel Tower caused electrical disturbances and the climate here has been much worse since the tower was built.

Will be Called Upon to Make Reparation.

NEW YORK, Sept. 4.—There is a strong possibility that the British government will be called upon to make good the damage done to a portion of valued cargo of the steamship Eldorado, of the Northern line, which was pirated recently by wreckers at Bahama Islands.

They Join Forces.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 4.—Wells, Fargo & Co. join the Southern Pacific Company in offering a reward of \$2000 for the arrest and conviction of each of the men concerned in the attack on the south-bound express near Modesto last night.

The Corn Crop Ruined.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., Sept. 4.—A Journal special from Neillsville, Wis., says the corn crop is a total loss in that county. A special from White Hall, Wis., says 20,000 acres of corn were ruined by the frost last night.

\$15,000 Taken.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 4.—The amount taken by the men who robbed the Southern Pacific express train at Samuels is said to be about \$15,000 instead of the small amount at first reported.

A Plan Agreed Upon.

NEW YORK, Sept. 4.—The Post says three-fourths of the Union Pacific floating debt creditors have agreed to a plan for extending the trip.

WORK OF FIRE BUGS.

They Try to Burn Down J. T. Peters' Planing Mill—Four Horses Burned to Death.

At 3:00 o'clock this Morning Fire Was Started in the Rear of Dunham's Drug Store.

A Meeting of Citizens Called and Committees Appointed for the Protection of Life and Property.

Still another fire started last night at about 6:50 o'clock in the barn of J. T. Peters & Co., on the river front, about 200 yards from the U. P. passenger depot. Among the first to observe it were the men belonging to the Forepaugh circus and from that moment till the fire was hopefully conquered, these men, tired and weary as they must have been with their own labors, fought like heroes to subdue the flames and save the threatened property. For a time it seemed as if the planing mill, belonging to the same establishment, must succumb to the flames and it was only by the hardest kind of work that it was saved. In the barn were three work horses, a lot of hay and grain, sash material, tools, oil, etc., and everything went up in the flames; besides several thousand feet of lumber, the whole involving a loss of about \$1500, partially insured. The circus boys broken in the doors of the building, which were securely locked, only to find that the fire had taken possession to such an extent that it was impossible to reach them. It is impossible to account for the origin of the fire also. No one had been in the building, so far as we have been able to learn, for hours before, and if it was the work of an incendiary and it was his intention to destroy all that is left of the East End, he certainly showed good judgment in his selection of the place to start the fire. As it was, had the wind blown in the prevailing direction it would have been impossible to have saved the planing mill, and with it would have gone the passenger and freight depots, the Moody warehouse, the Curtis flouring mills, and everything left of Wednesday's fire in the East End.

Scarcely had the weary citizens of The Dalles laid themselves down to snatch a little well earned rest from labor and anxiety, when a fourth alarm broke the stillness of the night. It was a little before three o'clock this morning and the fire was located in the rear of the Michaelbach building, corner of Second and Union. The fire started in a large wooden porch and caused great excitement among the lodgers in the building, nearly all of whom had been victims of last Wednesday's fire. Charley Graham promptly closed the iron shutters at the back of the building and at this as well as to the prompt action of the fire department, assisted by the company's hose is due to the fact that the building is not now a mass of ruins. Again fortune favored us with still air, and the fire was soon under control. It lost this time is only trifling, but the might have been the complete ruin of the west end of the city and all the business houses that are left. We do not wish to anticipate the results of the investigation which the council proposes to make as to the origin of this last fire, but if the statement of Mrs. Brittain is true, and we have no reason to doubt it, it was certainly started by two unknown men whom she alleges she saw, with her own eyes to the deed, and then in their efforts to escape dash past her so closely that they almost touched her. Mrs. Brittain had seen them three or four hours before the fire was started, and suspecting their intentions was diligently on the watch, but in spite of everything, they made their way over the yard fence and the first thing she heard was the noise of their fleeing feet accompanied by the hissing of the fire. But she saw the men so distinctly that she was able to see that one had no shirt collar while the other wore a dark neck tie, and she believes she would know the men if she saw them again. Mrs. Brittain immediately screamed an alarm and the men hastened to search for the criminals but without avail.

Fire at the Fair Grounds.

Another fire broke out in the stables at the south east corner of the fair grounds, on Saturday evening last, about 8 o'clock which resulted in the destruction of thirty-four speed stables, four of which had to be wrecked to save the fifteen that are left, and considerable harness, blankets, hay, clothing, etc., the property of the owners of the numerous horses that are in training for the coming fair. Three horses perished in the flames. One of these was the promising three year old trotter owned by McDonald Bros. of this city and valued at \$500. Another was a spotted mare worth about \$75 and the third was the horse Smoke owned by Chas. Stone and valued at \$150. The only persons near the fire at its commencement were A. J. Swift, Tom Strickland and E. L. Boynton. These gentlemen did everything in their power to save the horses which were confined in the stables and deserve very great credit for their work but they were all under the impression that the fire was the last horse on the east else they might have been able to save them also. As there was no water it was only by hard work that the entire row of buildings and sheds on the south side of the grounds were saved. There is a very strong impression that this fire was the work of an incendiary and a man has been arrested who has, by all accounts none too good a record to exempt him from the crime. All the property destroyed, amounting in value to perhaps \$2500, is a total loss to the owners, excepting only an insurance of \$600 on the buildings.

The Citizens' Meeting.

The impression that the city has been for the past few days almost completely in the hand of thieves and incendiaries has taken such a deep hold on our citizens that they called a mass meeting at ten o'clock for the purpose of devising means and ways of driving them out of town. Upwards of two hundred of the leading citizens responded and the meeting organized by appointing G. J. Farley chairman, and George P. Morgan secretary. Emil Schutz moved that a committee of five property owners be appointed to draft rules and make suggestions for future conduct in the present emergency. The following gentlemen were appointed as a committee: Emil Schutz, George Liebe, J. O. Mack, D. M. French. The name of Mayor Mays was afterwards added under protest, who, however, consented to act in an advisory way. The committee submitted the following report: We your committee appointed to adopt some measures to protect the city from loss of life and property, do hereby recommend that 1st. We have the utmost confidence in our mayor and city council in conjunction with the county and city officers and do suggest the following: 2nd. That there be a police force appointed immediately sufficient to protect our property. That all business houses be closed at twelve o'clock midnight, each night hereafter and remain closed until five o'clock a. m. We further recommend that the extra police force at once proceed to clear this town of all persons who cannot give good and sufficient account of themselves and their business here.

E. SCHUTZ, G. A. LIEBE, D. M. FRENCH, S. L. BROOKS, J. O. MACK, Committee.

The resolutions were unanimously adopted. A resolution offered by B. S. Huntington was passed authorizing the meeting to appoint a committee who shall inquire into the causes which led to the late fires and the truth and falsity of certain rumors concerning their origin and their findings be published in the city papers. A motion by Col. Land was carried constituting each citizen a committee of one to report under their observation in any way connected with danger to the city. The chair appointed B. S. Huntington, George Watkins and Col. Lang. A resolution by C. L. Phillips was also carried requesting the mayor to call a special meeting of the council this afternoon in order to take proper steps to carry out the purposes of this meeting. The meeting then adjourned.

HE BEAT THE BULLET.

A Bangor Man's Remarkable Race With a Confederate Soldier. It was in a well-known hotel in Bangor. A party of gentlemen were conversing on one subject and another, says the Bangor News. During a lull in the conversation one gentleman noticed a man on the hand of another and interrogated him as to the cause. The other answered that he received it in a very curious way, and told the following story in regard to it: I got that wound in the battle of Gettysburg. I had been fighting all day and felt very tired, and so sat down on a rock and shot from there. I was just loading up my gun when a long, lean, lank fellow darted by me, making for the woods like a streak of greased lightning. I up with my gun and let drive at him, but he didn't drop, and as I had just shot 999 and didn't want to lose the thousandth, I started after him. I never saw a man run so fast in all my adventurous life, and I could see in a while I lost sight of him behind a tree or rock. I noticed a lull in the fight, and glancing aside I saw both armies had stopped fighting and were straining their eyes to see the race. That raised my courage, and I forgot all about being fired. Just then I made a sport of speed, and as I did so I felt something strike my hand, which spread out like the fan of a windmill. Well, to make a long story short, I caught up with him and was about to collar him when he turned about and tried to stab me. I dodged his blow, and just then something hit him and he fell over dead. I sat down beside him to rest, and as I did so I noticed blood trickling down my hand. On closer investigation I found that there was a bullet hole in the palm of my hand. The dead man had a bullet in his breast, and I am positive in my belief that both wounds were made by the same bullet, and that it was the same bullet that I had fired at the Confederate.

The Race was So Hot that I Caught up with and Passed it Some Time During my Chase. That is why I now wear that scar.

Claims He is a Victim.

CHICAGO, Sept. 5.—Abram P. Elder and H. L. Barber, president and vice-president of the Elder Publishing company, which has been closed by government officials for violating the postal laws, were up for preliminary hearing today, but their attorneys not being ready the case was continued until Monday. Elder declares that he is the victim of a forger, who embezzled large sums from him, and to cover up his villainy caused the arrest. He denies all the charges against him.

They Celebrate at St. Paul.

ST. PAUL, Sept. 7.—Labor day was observed as usual today, many houses being closed. There was a parade in the morning followed in the afternoon by a picnic and games.

RIOTS IN NICARAGUA.

Several Citizens Shot Down During a Melee at Granada, Nicaragua --Others Exiled.

Poles Displaced at the Appointment of a Russian Tyrant--Part of the Russian Brigands.

NEW YORK, Sept. 5.—Ramon Velez, of Revista, popular in this city, received a letter from his agent in Granada, Nicaragua, which states that the chief of police and a number of his soldiers were shot during the riots in that city August 23rd, and that more than fifty citizen rioters were either killed or wounded. "He says five persons, supporters of the movement against the government of ex-President Chamorro, ex-President Lavala Avelino Riva, Director Nicaragua and Senors Enrique Gazman and J. D. Rodriguez were apprehended and imprisoned. The rioters included a number of prominent citizens. They were armed with rifles and attacked the barracks, firing on the garrison. It required a supreme effort on the part of the soldiers a number of whom were killed to repel the attack. On August 25th the suspected revolutionists were tried, found guilty and condemned to perpetual exile with the warning that they would be immediately shot if found on Nicaraguan soil.

GOVERNOR OF WARSAW.

Poles Displaced at the Appointment of a Russian Tyrant.

ST. PETERSBURG, Sept. 4.—The appointment of General Komeraff as governor of Warsaw has been coldly received by the Russian Poles, as the general has a high reputation for severity in putting down dissension. While governor-general of the Transcaucasian he had an execution nearly every day of nomad natives who had violated some trivial regulation of which they were ignorant. Among Komeraff's victims was the wife of a Russian army officer. The wife, a young woman not long married, was accused of nihilism. Komeraff, who knew no higher law than the will of the czar, held a one-sided trial, and sentenced the lady to Siberia. Her husband, a captain, committed suicide. Komeraff is acknowledged to be an able commander, and his appointment to Warsaw may mean that he is wanted where his military services will be needed.

THE WORLD'S FAIR.

A Proposition to Borrow \$5,000,000 from the National Columbian Commission.

CHICAGO, Sept. 4.—At the opening of the national Columbian commission this morning a communication from President Baker, of the local world's fair corporation, asking the co-operation of the national commission in securing a loan of \$5,000,000 from the government for the use of the fair, to be repaid out of the first receipts, and a resolution of the executive committee endorsing the request, was read and referred to the committee on judiciary.

WAR PREPARATIONS.

Russia Strengthening Her Defenses Along the Austrian Frontier.

BERLIN, Sept. 4.—A Vienna dispatch says that the Russian villages near the Russo-Austrian frontier are thronged with soldiers. The frontier guards, who used to be merely gendarmes to prevent smuggling, have given place to whole regiments permanently quartered at every available point, and ready to act as a strong advance guard in pouring in to the Austrian empire in the event of war. Observation towers are being built close to the frontier, and the Russians are also planning the like erection of three or four large forts to form bases for an attacking and heavy gun clothing, together with the famous Irish linen, in the woman's section of the coming World's fair at Chicago.

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To Exhibit at the World's Fair.

NEW YORK, Sept. 4.—The Earl and Countess of Aberdeen arrived here today. While here Lady Aberdeen will make arrangements for an exhibit of Irish home industries in the form of lace for an exhibiting and home spun clothing, together with the famous Irish linen, in the woman's section of the coming World's fair at Chicago.

A COWARDLY INSULT TO THE IRISH RACE.

When our evening contemptible quotes a paragraph from the East Oregonian which was part and parcel of an attack on the Irish race in general and the editor of the Chronicle in particular, the Anglo-American Cornishman shows the spirit that is in him. The man who will characterize the Irish people as a degraded race, sunk in ignorance and barbarism and the man who quotes part of it is a lying, dirty dog, but in the latter case, is the same man who could propose and drink, and thereby insult American citizenship, the toast "England. She rules the world" and then prate a nauseum about the glory of his Anglo Saxon origin and

IN MEMORIAM.

It is with feelings of more than ordinary sorrow that we chronicle the death of Joseph P. Fitzgerald, son of our esteemed fellow townsman E. P. Fitzgerald; the only death victim, as we fondly hope, of the destructive fire that has left our fair city in ashes. Scarcely twenty-eight hours elapsed from the time that the deceased rushed through the flames of his father's burning dwelling in the heroic but hopeless efforts to save some of the doomed property, till he was a corpse. And all this there is to tell. As we had it from his own lips after the sad accident which has consigned him to a premature grave, without a thought of personal danger, he had simply tried to save some of his father's clothing, when the flames cut him off and in the attempt to reach the outer air his arms and hands were reduced to a crisp, while the upper portion of his body and neck and face were severely burned, and as the sequel proved, his lungs must have inhaled a portion of the deadly fumes. Everything that human skill could effect was done, but without avail and at eight o'clock last evening, the spirit of Joseph P. Fitzgerald forever its fire scarred tenement and winged its way to the God who gave it. To the bereaved father, this is more than an ordinary sorrow. The same blow that scattered from his grasp the fruit of the labors of a long and arduous life has stricken down, in the prime of his young and hopeful manhood, a beloved and devoted son. Beside this greater loss, the other, terrible and distressing as it is, pales into nothingness. In the presence of this sorrow, almost the greatest the human heart can know, how poor and meaningless are words of sympathy. Our heart—the hearts of all the community go out toward the bereaved family, while our prayer is that the God of all comfort may be their stay and consoler. Poor Joe Fitzgerald! Honest, manly, generous boy, farewell.

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GLORIOUS REPORTS FROM IRELAND.

Relief Money Exhausted--At the End of Their Supplies.

LONDON, Sept. 4.—Right Hon. W. L. Jackson, member of parliament for Leeds, financial secretary of the treasury, and Sir H. E. Maxwell, member of parliament, a junior lord of the treasury, both conservatives, who have returned to London, after a tour of Ireland, undertaken on behalf of the treasury for the purpose of inquiring into the relief works, such as railways, etc., carried on under the auspices of the government, state the fund raised by the relief of the people in the famine districts has been exhausted, and that it is probable that an additional appeal for aid will be issued. The nationalists declare that the money has in many cases been wasted, and in some instances been diverted from the purposes for which its donors intended it. They take issue in this respect with Messrs. Jackson and Maxwell, who report that the fund has been carefully administered. That additional appeals will have to be made to the charitable on behalf of the Irish people, at all events, is only too certain. The gloomy reports come from all parts of the country. The recent storms have ruined the hopes of the farmers for a good yield of crops. Cereals are beaten into muddy soil, and though some farmers will reap the wet grain to save it from rotting in the fields, the yields will be practically nothing. Potatoes in many districts are woefully blighted, and the prospect is that staple crop will cause much distress.

HANGING HIMSELF WITH HIS OWN ROPE.

A short time ago the East Oregonian commented, in its usual reckless and insulting manner, on a paragraph which had credited to the CHRONICLE but of which not a word ever appeared in this journal. In fact the paragraph was written by Mr. Morgan of the Star, and as it was first wrongfully credited by the Portland Telegram, Mr. Morgan himself called attention editorially to the error. Last night the Times-Mountaineer dished up to its readers the lying comment of the Pendleton paper, when Mr. Michell must have known well that the paragraph never appeared in this journal. The statement is made and copied, of course from the stock lies of the Times-Mountaineer, that this journal was started to kill off the Times-Mountaineer. Everybody here knows, of course, how utterly false the charge is. There is no need for any outside effort to kill the paper. Its brainless and insane editor is killing it off as fast as he can by filling it with matter not fit to appear in any sheet claiming to be respectable. Instead of devoting its columns to giving the news, it is filled, half the time, with insane ravings about the CHRONICLE, as if any one cared to read the twaddle, and pulling the CHRONICLE down would build the Times-Mountaineer up. The result is as might be expected. Before the CHRONICLE was seven months old it came within 14 names of having as many subscribers in the county as its contemporary that has seen an existence of over thirty years and as hundreds of new names have been added since, we claim that our weekly circulation is the largest of any paper in the county and our daily circulation is not less than three times greater than that of our contemporary. This result has been reached by minding our own business, and only noticing the Times-Mountaineer when necessity compels us to do so—a course we intend to continue to pursue.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

WM. SAUNDERS—ARCHITECT.—Plans and specifications furnished for dwellings, churches, business blocks, schools and factories. Charges advanced. Office: Commercial Block, corner of French's bank, The Dalles, Oregon.

DR. J. SUTHERLAND—FELLOW OF TRINITY Medical College and member of the Col. The Dalles and Surgeon, Graduate Physician and Surgeon. Office: Rooms 3 and 4 Chapman Block. Residence: Judge Thorburn's second street. Office hours 10 to 12 a. m., 2 to 5 p. m. and 7 to 8 p. m.

DR. O. D. DOANE—PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON. Office: Rooms 5 and 6 Chapman Block. Residence: over French's bank, The Dalles, Oregon. Office hours 10 to 12 a. m., 2 to 5 p. m. and 7 to 8 p. m.

A. S. BENNETT, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW. Office in Schanno's building, up stairs. The Dalles, Oregon.

D. SIDDALL—DENTIST.—Gas given for the painless extraction of teeth. Also teeth set and fixed aluminum plates. Rooms: sign of the Golden Tooth, Second Street.

A. R. THOMPSON—ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.—Office in Opera House Block, Washington Street, The Dalles, Oregon.

F. P. MARY, R. S. HUNTINGTON, R. S. WILSON, M. A. NEWBY—ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW.—Office First National Bank, The Dalles, Oregon.

R. DUFUR, GEO. WATKINS, FRANK MENEFEE, D. DUFUR, WATKINS & MENEFEE—ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW.—Office over Post Office Building, Entrance on Washington Street, The Dalles, Oregon.

W. H. WILSON—ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.—Rooms 5 and 6, New York Block, Second Street, The Dalles, Oregon.

Health is Wealth!

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THE ORIGIN OF THE FIRE.

Like the Chicago fire whose origin was perhaps never determined, notwithstanding the tradition about Mrs. O'Leary's cow, the origin of The Dalles fire is involved in mystery. At least this much is true; the testimony concerning it is contradictory. One thing alone is certain, it began in one of two dwellings which stood side by side. One of these was the residence of Mr. F. W. L. Skibbe and the other of Mr. John H. Larsen. We have heard men assert positively that it began in the former and others as positively that it originated in the latter. We thought the preponderance of testimony was for the Larsen residence and so said yesterday, but are willing to admit that we have no proof from personal knowledge for either hypothesis, although we were at the fire a few minutes after it broke out. Nor does it matter where it started since there is not the shadow of a reflection resting on any one on account of its origin. Mr. Skibbe has lost everything and is without a dollar of insurance while Mr. Larsen though insured for \$500 had fully \$1300 worth of property destroyed.

WAR PREPARATIONS.

Russia Strengthening Her Defenses Along the Austrian Frontier.

BERLIN, Sept. 4.—A Vienna dispatch says that the Russian villages near the Russo-Austrian frontier are thronged with soldiers. The frontier guards, who used to be merely gendarmes to prevent smuggling, have given place to whole regiments permanently quartered at every available point, and ready to act as a strong advance guard in pouring in to the Austrian empire in the event of war. Observation towers are being built close to the frontier, and the Russians are also planning the like erection of three or four large forts to form bases for an attacking and heavy gun clothing, together with the famous Irish linen, in the woman's section of the coming World's fair at Chicago.

To Exhibit at the World's Fair.

NEW YORK, Sept. 4.—The Earl and Countess of Aberdeen arrived here today. While here Lady Aberdeen will make arrangements for an exhibit of Irish home industries in the form of lace for an exhibiting and home spun clothing, together with the famous Irish linen, in the woman's section of the coming World